Summary of aminoglycosides licensed in the UK

Aminoglycoside	Available preparations	Indications for use
Gentamicin	 Solution for injection Solution for infusion Ear/eye drops solution 	 Bacterial eye and ear infections Diabetic foot infection and leg ulcer infection Diverticulitis Gram-positive bacterial endocarditis or HACEK endocarditis Septicaemia, meningitis and other CNS infections, biliary-tract infection, acute pyelonephritis or prostatitis and pneumonia Surgical prophylaxis Acute pyelonephritis and catheterassociated UTI
Amikacin	 Solution for injection Liposomal nebuliser suspension 	 Uncomplicated gonorrhoea Serious Gram-negative infections resistant to gentamicin Acute prostatitis, acute pyelonephritis, catheter-associated UTI Non-tuberculous mycobacterial lung infections Severe exacerbations of cystic fibrosis.
Tobramycin	 Solution for injection Inhalation powder Nebuliser liquid 	 Eye infection Septicaemia, meningitis and other CNS infections, biliary-tract infection, acute pyelonephritis or prostatitis and pneumonia Chronic P. aeruginosa infections in patients with cystic fibrosis UTIs (however, in practice, gentamicin and amikacin are usually favoured)
Neomycin sulfate	 Oral solution Cutaneous cream Nasal cream Ear, nose and eye drops 	 Bacterial skin infections Bowel sterilisation (decolonisation) before surgery Hepatic coma MRSA decolonisation
Netilmicin	Eye drops	 Eye infections (including some gentamicin-resistant strains)